NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1902, -Copyright, 1902, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association.

GATES TALKS OF MANY THINGS

OPTIMIST ON FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS.

"The Era of Combination," He Says. Will Prove the Golden Era for the United States, Not Only for Capital. but for Labor"-Bright and Industrions Young Men Will Win the Prizes -His Views on How to Bring Up Boys and on Gambling-School That He Will Establish in litinois to Train Boys for the Battle of Life.

SARATOGA, Aug. 15,-John W. Gates left this afternoon for Colorado to attend the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, Mr. Gates has had a fine holiday here and he started for the West in the best of health and in the best of spirits. This morning land, tying in a fertile valley thirty-five miles west of Chicago and two and a half to the branch office of Harris, Gates & Co the Gates of the firm being young Charles Gates, son of the man who is said to have made something like \$25,000,000 in less than twenty years), he talked for an hour or with the correspondent of THE SUN on topics of general interest.

'I'm sorry to have to pack up and get out of here," said Mr. Gates. "I have visited all the great resorts of the world and not one of them is a patch on Saratoga. You get health and fun here, whether you're asleep or awake, and Mr. Whitney is deserving of the greatest possible credit for rehabilitating this place and bringing it back to what it ought to be. Not one person in a hundred in this country appreciates the value of these waters, but they know their value abroad.

WILL SEE WHO'S WHO IN FUEL AND IRON. "I never felt so well in my life as I have some money, and most of the papers have printed the finest fool stories about my nnings and losings that you ever read. But now I've got to attend to business. I'm going out to Colorado to find out who's who in the Colorado Fuel and Iron Com-President Mitchell of the Illinois ompany and James A. Blair meet me at Albany and we will go on together. There may be some fun, but I have no doubt about the result. According to my figures, our set of directors will win by a vote of four-fifths of all the stockholders. The properties of the company are most valuable, and when we are in control the company will be run in the interest of all the stockholders instead of in the interest of this faction or that clique. We shall win because we deserve to win and because our victory will be for the best interests of the company."

BULL ON GOOD STOCKS; BEAR ON BAD. "What about the general financial situa-

tion?" asked THE SUN reporter. "It could hardly be better." was the answer. "I'm a great bull, but with certain qualifications. Good stocks are going higher. They can't help going up; but cats and dogs will go down where they belong. The American people want the best, in stocks as well as in everything else, and they're going to have it.

"And what of the industrial situation?" "Even better than the financial situation. The era of combination will prove the golden era for the United States, not only for capital, but for labor; not only for the man established in business, but for the young man about to start out. The young men are the fellows who excite my interest and sympathy, and I tell you there is practically everything in the future for the young men of the United States.

GREAT TIMES FOR YOUNG MEN OF ABILITY. "It has been urged by the so-called politicians that the trust has put out the light of the star of hope that used to shine over every young American. Of course that is all rot. I'm not one of those who think that every feature of every trust is a good feature; but that which has come to be known as the community of interest plan is bound to make this country greater even than it is to-day. And in the greater America, what a chance there will be for the young men. But those who deserve to succeed will be the ones who will pick the plums. In this age of combination there is not and will not be for the young men so great a chance for success per man as there was under the old conditions. but for the young men of ability, ability of head or of hand, the percentage of profit

will be much greater.

"Let me explain. The profits of commercial life, or rather the profits of production, will not be so widely distributed, but those who get them will get more per man than anybody ever got before. From all this it follows that the bright young men, the industrious ones, the steady and level-headed ones, will win the prizes of the future. The mediocre and the complaining and the drones will have to struggle along on salaries the best way they can. INDUSTRIAL COMBINATION LABOR'S BEST

FRIEND. As for labor, industrial combination is its savior. It insures reasonable wages. reasonable hours and steady employment, which last is the most important thing It may be urged that where a line stry is controlled by a set of men in also control the price of labor. wer to that is that no matter how not fast a set of men may control in industry they cannot afford and not attempt to make the hire unworth In this country that greate called public opinion settles all sputes, and it settles them right, oration having something to sell people can afford to pay unreasonable

THE WALKING DELEGATE ITS WORST ENEMY ave had some experience as an em-of labor. My payrolls have had on the names of 10,000 or more men or another, and I have been udy the labor question pretty The result of my study and my n has convinced me that the id of labor is the walking dele-never the worker—he's the the politician of the labor He has always hard thing to say, but the labor agitators can be bribed e, and once they get that they snap of their fingers for the heat of the furnace or still

flame of the forge. want to tell you that the sliding scale. every working man's individuand therefore destroys his manhood, in ought to be permitted to earn just he is capable of earning. If he wants to work ten hours a day instead of nine, and is capable of making \$15 a week instead of \$10 he ought to be permitted to do it.

Busy Man's Train to Chicago.

But he can only work just so long and get get just so much under the sliding scale. The system is a help to the drones and ingood man.

The condition of the laboring men of England is the worst possible, and be-cause of the pest of labor unions. In Ger-many consolidation and combination have been going on for several years, and the situ-ation is, generally speaking, all right. What epression there is there comes from over-idation. The laboring men are contented thrifty, but they don't get as much, in my judgment, as they ought They are not bothered with labor unions in

MR GATES'S GREAT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

"Redection on what the successful young men of the future and the prosperous laborer will require in the way of special equipment for their work led me to interest myself in that school for boys that we ar going to establish out in lininois. going to be the greatest school, not only in this country, but in the world. It is to be called the St. Charles Home and School for Boys. We have bought 1,600 acres of miles east of St. Charles, where my father and mother are living. The institution will be open, free of all cost, to boys o good character between the ages of 10 education, a classical education, a commercial education, and we shall also educate them for professional farmers. After each boy has been at the institution for a certain length of time, he will be required to ex-press a preference for a life work, and from the day the preference is expressed he will be educated along special lines

possible instructors in the various kinds of engineering, in the classics, English and mathematics will be employed. We will also have the best men we can get to fit the boys for commercial life and for all the trades. There will be a black-smith shop, a shoe factory, a plumbing and tin shop, a paint shop and shops where the other trades will be taught. Besides hese, we shall cultivate the land not occupied by the buildings. We shall raise all our own corn and wheat and potatoes, fresh vegetables and fruit, and the cattle since I have been here, and I've had a lot and hogs to supply the meat. We shall of fun. I've won some money and lost also have a packing plant, like those of the great packers in Chicago, only on a much smaller scale, and I expect to live to see a second Armour or Swift turned out of that school. Then we shall raise a few horses, so that if any of our boys want to go to raising horses to win races at Saratoga they'll know how to do it WILL TRAIN BANKERS AND RAILBOAD PRESI-

DENTS. "Furthermore, we shall have a fully equipped bank and a fully equipped rail-road, run by the boys. Some one boy, who shows himself to be adapted for that kind of work, will be elected president of the railroad, and there will be a board of directors and an operating department and every other department that a great railroad has. We'll do the same thing with the bank, and the boys will be expected

to cun both, under, of **cou**rse, competent supervision. Our railroad will connect with the two trunk lines running to Chicago and to St. Charles.
"The school will be absolutely non-

sectarian and there won't be any fences around the place. The boys will all wear the school uniform and will receive military training, but any boy who don't want to stay can go, and nobody will run after him There is too much restraint put on the boys of most institutions. There'll be as few strings on our boys as possible. Once a week a certain number will be taken to Chicago and shown such things in the city as will instruct and amuse them.

"We'll keep each boy until he is 21, if he wants to stay, and by that time we expect each one of them to be able to go out and

hustle and earn a living and give a good account of himself. It is yet to be decided what shall determine the exact qualifications for admission. Boys with parents. as well as those without, though, will be admitted. When we get the plant equipped we shall turn the institution over to the by a board of trustees. Among those who are interested with me in the school are Samuel W. Allerton of Chicago and Henry E. Weaver. We'll spend whatever money is necessary to make it what I have said would be, the greatest school in the world.
"I had a road to travel when I was a young fellow that was pretty rough in spots and places, and I want to make smoother than mine the roads of as many boys as I can. I believe that boys should be boys, and I believe that they should be taught to take the world as they should be taught to take the world as they find it. They should learn how to take the defeats of life without howling, as they should be taught to take life's victories without undue exaltation. I also believe that boys should see things

PLAYS PING-PONG AND PORER WITH HIS BOY "I've got a boy, and I play golf with him and tennis and ping-pong, and when he wants to play poker I play poker with him, and get stung up good and hard every now and then. If he wants to go somewhere and try his luck at some other game of chance I go with him, if he wants me to. I want my boy to feel that his daddy is not only his best friend, but his chum, I believe that a the right way to bring up a lieve that's the right way to bring up a

SUPPRESS GAMBLING? WELL, HARDLY "They talk about suppressing or doing away with gambling. They might as well try to do away with the wind. Men have always gambled and always will, and if I had my way I'd license gambling as salcons are licensed. I'd do this because I think it's right. Marshall Field once told me it's right. Marshall Field once told me that he always tried to be right 51 per cent. of the time. There's a lot in that, young man. The fellow who makes up his mind to be right all the time will be busted always, in the long run, by the man who insists on being right 51 per cent. of the time.

"That same Marshall Field is one of the greatest business men in this country.

the greatest business men in this country, and I believe the third richest man in the world. John D. Rockefeller is the richest, Andrew Carnegie comes next and Marshall Field is the third. He owns \$50,000,000 of real estate in the best part of Chicago and in the best of the suburbs. I have somein the best of the suburbs. I have some-thing of a basis to figure Field's wealth, and I figure him to be worth something over \$200,000,000, and he has never borrowed a dollar of a man in his life.

TO BANKERS: DON'T BORROW FROM YOUR OWN BANKS.

"And speaking of borrowing, there'd be less bank collapses in this country it bank presidents and other officers who become interested in outside schemes would borrow less from their own institutions and more from others. This habit of some bank presidents of receiving other folks' money through the teller's window and lending to concerns in which they are interested is bad banking. That's what broke the Seventh National of New York broke the Seventh National of New York and others I could name. I am a director in many financial institutions and I never borrowed a dollar of one of them in my life. If I was a director in the National City Bank and I had got collateral on which I wanted to borrow money, I could probably get what I wanted from that bank. But if my stuff is good, I can get the money from any other bank in town. If it's questionable in its character, then I've no busitionable in its character, then I've no busi-ness to unload it on my own bank and the president has no business to let me have

John W. Gates, fighting for supremacy John W. Gates, fighting for supremacy in the Street or fighting financial giants who would down him, is one person. Then he fights hard, takes all the knocks that are handed out to him and gives as hard as he gets or better. John W. Gates at play, sitting in the shade of the Saratoga eims and talking of the things that are near his heart, is another person, and one of the most delightful that man could meet. Browning said that "man has two natures, one to fight the world with and one to show one to fight the world with, and one to show a woman when he loves her." John W Gates has a world side and a home side and a heart side.

DEATH OF LUTHER R. MARSH.

END OF A FAMOUS LAWYER, PARTNER OF DANIEL WEBSTER.

How He Fell Into the Hands of Spirituals ists and Was Victimized by the Notorious Ann O'Della Diss Debar - His Life With the Huylers at Middletown, N. Y.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 15.-After an liness of three weeks Luther R. Marsh died at 5.15 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of his former spiritualistic medium, the late Mrs. Clarissa J. Huvler. where he had made his home since he gave up his residence in New York city. Notwithstanding that Mr. Marsh would not have reached his four score and ten until April, the representative business men of this city gave him a complimentary dinner in April last. Since that time Mr. Marsh had been in great demand for delivering addresses throughout the country. Three weeks ago he broke down under the severe strain, since which time he had gradually failed.

While he was convalescing from his first attack his lifelong friend, Justice Bartlett, visited him, and together they took a trolley ride to Goshen. This was the last time Mr. Marsh left his home. His last public appearance was before the congregation of he Temple Beth Jacob at Newburgh N. Y., a few days before he took to his bed. A week ago stomach trouble developed, and it became apparent to his physicians and friends that the end was near at hand. This morning when the nurse appeared with nourishment Mr. Marsh remarked to her that it would be his last breakfast and that before nightfall he would have passed beyond to the spirit world. He was conscious until within a half hour of his death, when he fell asleep and passed

Mr. Marsh had formed an intimate friendship for the Rev. J. Newton Emery, paster of Christ Church (Universalist) of this city, and he as well as Mr. Huyler was present at the bedside when the end came Marsa, like Mrs. liuyler, left directions for his funeral arrangements. He will be buried in Greenwood by the side of his wife. Funeral here on Monday at 2 P. M.

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Until the day of his obsession by Spiritualism Luther R. Marsh was among the exceptionally able men of the New York bar. Born in Onondaya county, April 4, 1813, he began reading law while he was the clerk of a country store near his home. He started for New York city in 1836, stopping long enough in Albany to be admitted to the bar from the office of Henry R. Storrs. He at once showed his capacity for work and his ability as a lawyer. One of his first undertakings was the examination of the New York and Eric Railroad's title to its roadbed from Binghamton to Lake Eric. In 1844, he became the partner of Daniel Webster, and they worked together until Mr. Webster returned to the Senate after his retirement as Secretary of State.

Though he kept out of politics, Mr. Marsh drew many laws. He is responsible for the law forbidding intramural burials in this city. He was an enthusiastic worker in the cause of extending the area of the public parks of this city and took a prominent part in the laying out and appraisal of the property used for parks to-day. He attained some prominence as a writer on political topics. Spiritualism first attracted the attention of Mr. Marsh in 1872. He looked at it then as an amusement. Several years later he was present at a soance given by James B. Pell of this city, who was one of Mr. Marsh's most important cilents. The medium at

Mr. Marsh in 1872. He looked at it then as an amusement. Several years later he was present at a soance given by James B. Pell of this city, who was one of Mr. Marsh's most important clients. The medium at Mr. Pell's took several sealed messages from Mr. Marsh, one of them to Daniel Webster, and gave what Mr. Marsh considered coherent and pertinent answers to them without apparently examining the contents of the envelopes. He at once became greatly interested in Spiritualism, and became known among the fraternity of mediums as one who was ripe for their harvest. Several of them persuaded him to become the patron of private scances.

among the fraternity of mediums as one who was ripe for their harvest. Several of them persuaded him to become the patron of private seances.

In 1885 of 1886 he was introduced to Ann O'Delia Diss Debar, who described herself as the daughter of King Louis I of Bavaria and Lola Montez. She was actually the daughter of a man of the name of Salomon of Louisville, Ky. Mr. Marsh came completely under the Debar woman's influence and presented to her his home at 66 Madison avenue, with the request that she make it a temple of Spiritualism. She produced spock pictures in great numbers for him. His great fortune began to melt away, and at the instigation of many of his friends in the bar association his young partner, Mr. Wallis, instituted proceedings against the woman. She was convicted of conspiracy and committed to the Tombs for six months. She was forced to deed the "temple, back to Mr. Marsh. Mr. Marsh was much broken by the exposure of her crookedness, but always inslited that her spiritualistic pretensions were well grounded and that her wickedness was superimposed and was altogether the result of undue greed for money. The woman has since been in trouble in New Orleans. Cape Town and London, where she is now in prison.

Mr. Marsh moved to Middletown, N. Y. where he went to live with a Mrs. Huyler, a medium. He took all his spook pictures and communications from New York with him. Mrs. Huyler had a husband, and the pair received Mr. Marsh ostensibly as their free guest. They allowed him, however, to rebuild their house and to buy the family meals, by way, as he and they both instead, of chowing his appreciation of their kindness. Through Mrs. Huyler had a husband, and the pair received Mr. Marsh ostensibly as their free guest. They allowed him, however, to rebuild their house and to buy the family meals, by way, as he and they both instead, of chowing his appreciation of their kindness. Through Mrs. Huyler died several pairs ago, and Mr. Marsh has once or twice expressed himself as rather troubled that she has s

TROUBLES OF EX-GOV. CORNELL. Weather, Telephones and a "Newspaper

Shark"-But He's Still Hearty. Ex-Gov. Cornell came down from Ithaca yesterday afternoon with three grievances. Sitting by the window of his room in the Astor House last night and fanning himself vigorously with a large palm leaf, he explained what they were One was against the weather. It had hailed stones "as big as robins' eggs on the ex-Governor in the course of a drive to Ithaca. Then when he got there he found that some telephone speculators found that some telephone speculators were trying to steal "half the university." This was the second grievance. "Half the university" is the Beebe Lake Reservoir, the water rights of which belong to Cornell University. Half a dozen telephone companies, the ex-Governor said, had started a tunnel from it in his absence to their plants, and he had to get out an injunction restraining them from doing worse. He says he jailed some of the offenders and has scared the rest into quiescence.

Gov. Cornell's third grievance is named "O'Malley." He didn't know the first name, but explained that O'Malley was 'a newspaper shark who has been trying to soften my brainfor the last twenty years." The ex-Governor did not say what steps he had taken with regard to this. "That's nobody's business but my own," he said. "And as for my brain, it doesn't seem so very flabby, does it?"

Why Not See Ningara Falls? You can do so with no extra expense if you travel by the New York Central lines. —Adv

NINE-YEAR-OLD LIFE-SAVER. Policeman's Boy Jumps Overboard to

Rescue Another Polleeman's Daughter. Nine-year-old Christopher Haves of Hoboken put on his best suit of clothes yes terday and went to call on his father, the policeman at the public bathhouse. It was vomen's day at the bath and the little fe'low was watching a group of girls learning to swim when one of them threw up her hands and sank, head first. Young Haves plunged in to save her. He swims well for a voungster, but his Sunday clothes

impeded him considerably more than the pair of trunks he is accustomed to in the water. When the girl rose he seized her by the hair and started to float backward toward the bath steps. The girl turned around and clutched his arms. He told her to let go, but the girl was too excited to heed him. They were both beginning to sink when Bathkeeper George Malone's fifteen-year-old son George jumped into the water and relieved the boy of his burden. Hayes swam to the steps and climbed out, when he met his father

"I guess I've fixed these dude for good he said gazing at the dripping Sunday clothes. "Mother will give me the dickens."

The father promised to give him a new suit right away as a reward for his bravery. The girl who was saved was fourteen year-old Mary Burke, a daughter of Policeman Patrick Burke.

BUYERS FLOCK TO NEW YORK The Hotels Are Overflowing With Men Who'll Spend Millions Here.

Buyers are now crowding into the city and the hotels are taxed to their utmost At a Turkish bath for the last two weeks they have been accommodating anywhere from eight to fifteen buyers who were unable to secure rooms at the nearby hotels A Broadway hotel was forced to "double up" last night by using a hundred cots, while a hotel on Fifth avenue had but one unrented room at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. and last night was forced to use thirtysix cots.

The buyers' season, which lasts to the latter part of September, has barely begun but the Merchants' Association is registering on an average 40 per cent, more per day than in the corresponding season of 1901 An official of the association said yesterday: "In a recent conversation with one of the most prominent wholesale merchants I learned that the average buyer purchases ten thousand dollars' worth of goods on a trip in this city. Multiplying that by the 3.000 buyers who make a point of registering here, we have \$30,000,000 to the good of New York houses. Speculating on the amount really purchased, I would say it approached the billion-dollar mark, per haps more.

HORSES BOARD A STREET CAR. Runaway Team Climbs Among the Passengers. Injuring Several.

The combined noises of an Italian brass band and an elevated train scared a team of horses drawing a Twenty-eighth street car at Second avenue at 6 o'clock last night The traces broke and the team dashed through Twenty-eighth street to First avenue. An open horse car was passing The runaway team just climbed aboard, scattering the passengers right and left, and injuring one seriously.

Annie Costello, 28 years old, of 742 East Ninth street was struck by or horses and jammed against a seat. Her skull was crushed and her back hurt. Dr. Frederick A. Carpenter of 341 Twentyher up and carried her in his arms to Bellevue Hospital.

An ambulance was called from Bellevue for Peter Cusick, a conductor who was badly bruised, and Minnie Hickey of 410 East Sixteenth street, who received a bad scalp wound. Several other passengers suffered slight cuts in the rush to get off the car.

The horses got down from the car and were caught by the driver.

KITE PULLED BOY FROM ROOF

Squall Too Much for Willie Lindman - His

William Lindman, a twelve-year-old Ho boken boy, chose yesterday afternoon while the stiff breeze which preceded the storm was blowing, as a splendid time to fly a monster kite he and his small companions had spent a good part of the day in making The kite was a heavy affair, pretty nearly as big at Lindman himself, and rigged with correspondingly stout twine. To get the fuil sweep of the breeze and avoid the angle of telegraph wires the boys repaired to the roof of Lindman's home on River

In the freshening wind the kite rose rapidly and the few hundred yards of twine were soon paid out. The pull was heavy enough to make the line hard to hold, and it is thought Lindman took a turn or two around his wrist. As the storm approached the wind came in sharper squalls, but the boys were too busy watching the exciting soaring and plunging of the kite to notice its owner's struggles to hold it. The strain pulled him perilously near the edge of the roof and before he could recover the lost ground a final heavy pull struck the kite and he was lifted off his feet and over the edge.

was lifted off his feet and over the edge.

The other boys yelled at him to hang on and he did, but the twine broke and dropped Lindman to the yard. He was picked up unconscious and Dr. C. Hoening, who attended him, made the following catalogue of his injuries: Concussion of the brain, both legs broken above the knee, right arm fractured at the wrist and above the elbow, right foot crushed and two ribs broken. The doctor believes there is some chance for his recovery. two ribs broken. The doctor belis some chance for his recovery.

TROLLEY CAR'S QUEER TRICKS. Electrical Exhibition Scares a Passenger

Who Jumps and Is Hurt. During the storm last night something went wrong with the electrical equipment of a Forty-second street car at Broadway. The glass over the light on the end of the car was knocked out and a sheet of flame burst forth. At the same time the lights in the car went out.

The car, sparks sputtering from undereath it, turned into Seventh avenue. neath it, turned into Seventh avenue. One of the passengers, George Brown, a negro of 323 West Fifty-second street, was frightened, and jumped off. He struck the fence around the subway, dislocating his knee and cutting his head. He was taken to Roosevelt Hospital.

Makes Time for the Business Man.

The 20th Century Limited. one of the eight daily trains between New York and Chicago via the New York Central lines. A com-prehensive service.—Adv.

PLAYED A GAME OF MURDER.

TALE OF HOW A VERMONT WOMAN KILLED HER BUSRAND.

Her Accomplice Says They Bound Him, to Sport as Rogers Thought, and Then She Chloreformed Him-His Body Dragged From the Walloomsac River.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Aug. 15.-The Marcus Rogers was found on Thu sday in the Wallcomsac River, which runs through this town. Mrs. Rogers, his widow, and Stella Bates, a companion of Mrs. Rogers, wer and in jail, and Leon Perham, 23 year class was taken in custody by the Sheriff ' ast / -rnoon.

The finding of a b on the river bank led to the discovery of Rogers's body Shortly after the hat was found, a note was posted on the door of Raymond Ovies's store. The note was signed "Marcus Rogers," and it said that the writer had committed suicide. the authorities regarded it as a joke and paid no attention

Samuel Jewett, a hackman, began an investigation on his over look. He found a rope in the river near where the hat was picked up and tracks, which might have been made by a wheelbarrow, leading to the home of Abner Perham, with whom Mrs. Rogers boarded. The river was dragged and Rogers's body was found. There were several bruises on the head. An inquest was ordered right away and

number of witnesses were summoned Little testimony of importance came ou until the resumption of the inquest to-day Mrs. Rogers testified that her husband ad frequently threatened suicide. Levi Perham, the nineteen-year-old son of Abner Perham, declared that Mrs. Rogers had offered him \$500, the amount of in surance on her husband's life, if he would go to Hoosic, N. Y., where Rogers was employed as a farm laborer, induce him to come to Bennington, then poison him and make away with the body. Levi refused to do this, he said.

This testimony caused a sensation, which was added to when Levi's older brother Lem, was put on the stand. He broke down and made a confession. He said that Rogers came to Bennington of his own accord, principally to get his wife to go to live with him at Hoosic. Rogers, Mrs. Rogers and the witness played games on the river bank, Leon said.

Mrs. Rogers got her husband to put his head in her lap. Then she produced a rope and tied Perham's hands, and he untied them. She also tied her husband's hands, and he untied them. Then she tied her husband's hands behind his back and he could not untie them. She had Perham hold his hands and legs and, producing a large bottle of chloroform, she applied it to his face with her handkerchief. Rogers said: "It smells like chloroform," and never spoke again. They used nine-tenths of

When Rogers was dead his wife wrote When Rogers was dead his wife wrote the note and signed Rogers's name to it. She had Perham put him in the river, first taking his life insurance policy from his pocket. The insurance was payable to

pocket. The insurance was payable to Mrs. Rogers.
Charles H. Potter, a furniture dealer, testified that Mrs. Rogers had come to him and negotiated for the purchase of a suite of furniture, saying she was soon to be married. Potter didu't know she was already married. Morris Knapp, a member of the First Regiment, which is in camp, was brought into the case. He was mentioned as Mrs.

Rogers's lover. He boarded at the Perhan house. It was alleged at the inquest that Mrs. Rogers had said she was going to

Rogers separated from his wife several months ago and went towork for his brother at Hoosic Corners. It is said that since then his wife has been living with another man. Rogers had his life insured for \$500 and his wife was the beneficiary. This and his who was the benenciary. This fact had a most important bearing on the case. Rogers left Hoosis Corners Tuesday morning and his movements were traced up to 8 o'clock that night, after which he was not seen until his body was found yesterday in the river, a few feet from shore.

Examination showed that Rogers had not met death by drowning and the arrest of Perham and Mrs. Rogers followed, Stella Bates, it is alleged, procured chloroform with which they stupefied the victim.

MALCOLM'S SHORTAGE GROWS.

Loan Association Has Lost \$100,000 -Treasurer Says Arrest Would Kill Him. PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 15 .- Further disclosures were made to-day in the investigation of the defalcation of William Malcolm, treasurer of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Passaic, by which it was shown that the shortage reaches \$100,000. About five months ago the defalcation was first discovered and an examination by the State Panking Commissioner revealed a shortage of \$28,000. Mr. Malcolm explained that he had simply falsified the books to make it appear that the association was doing better than it really was, but it was found that this was not true, Then Malcolm turned over all his private

property to the association. It was at first estimated this property was worth \$90,000 and would amply pro tect the association, but it is now said that his property is not worth \$80,000. The shareholders had so much confidence in Malcolm that at the annual meeting about two weeks after the discovery they re-elected him treasurer, but the opposition to him was so strong that Malcolm volun-tarily resigned. Frederick B. Conant was elected as his successor and he has un-earthed the further shortage of \$12,000. Mr. Conant discovered that a number of the accounts marked "withdrawn" are still in the association, and the persons who hold the books have been applying

for payment.

At a secret meeting of the directors last night there was some talk of applying for a receiver and having Malcolm arrested.

Malcolm was present and said that his arrest would kill him. No definite action that the contractors have the said that his arrest would kill him. No definite action was taken, but Malcolm is now under surveillance. Malcolm is still City Treasurer of Passaic

and the municipal authorities are much exercised as to his official accounts. His books are being investigated, but nothing can be made of them as he had no system. No shortage has been discovered but nothing can be said of his books as they are in

HE FEARED MISS WHITE'S GUN

She Sought to Speak With Him. Charles Cole of 322 West Fifty-sixth street had Miss Kitty White of 316 West 13ist street arrested last night, saying he was afraid she meant to harm him. Cole and Miss White met on Eighth avenue near Fiftieth street.

fingering a package which she carried r her arm. He did not stay to hear, but called a policeman. At the station the package she had was taken away from her and opened. It contained a loaded .32-calibre revolver.

want to speak to you, Charley," she

HANNA'S FOR ANNEXATION That, He Belleves, Is the Way to Settle

the Cuban Question DETROIT, Aug. 15.-Commenting on a prediction, credited to Senator Allison by Detroit morning paper, to the effect that there will be an extra session of the Senate this fall. Sepator Hanna, who was here

o-day, said: "I am very sure no special session will be held.

When asked about a reciprocity treaty

with Cuba, Senator Hanna said: "While there is a strong feeling that the United States, in accordance with promises, should afford Cuba some relief, to my mind annexation is the logical outcome of eve. 's.'

HORSE DRAGS MISS CRIMMINS. John D. Crimmins's Daughter Thrown

From Her Saddle and Injured. STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 15.-Miss Mercedes Crimmins, daughter of John D. Crimmins of New York, was hurt near her father's summer home at Collender's Point vest, "day, Miss Crimmins, who is a skilled horsewoman, was returning from a ride through the country. A large pir e of paper lay in the read and as the horse drew alongside it a gust of wind blew the paper in his face. He stopped suddenly and shied, unseating his rider, who was dragged some distance before he was brought to a standstill. Dr. J. W. Avery found Miss Crimmins suffering from numerous bruises and from shock.

THE HUGGING OF COON MOORE By the Cox Girls of Gimlet - And How

the Fiddler Was Paid. LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 15.-L. J. Cox, wanted for breaking into the bonded warehouse of J. T. Harper, near Gimlet, in Elliott county, escaped from Derucy Marshal Coon Moore in a unique manner. He asked permission to write a note of instruction o his daughters before he was taken to jail. He wrote the note and handed it to the girls. It told them to attack the Marshal when Cox began to play his fiddle. The two men drifted into a conversation. Cox reached up and pulled down his fiddle and began to play. The girls danced around the room until they neared Moore and then jumped on him and held him while their father escaped.

MANY KILLED BY TIDAL WAVE. Small Villages on the Mexican Coast Washed Away.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 15 .- A despatch from Culiacan, Mex., says that the lower part of the city of Atlata, on the Pacific coast, has been completely destroyed by a tidal wave, and not less than fifty people are known to have been drowned. The loss of life may be several times that number. The property loss is heavy.

It is reported that several smaller coast owns situated above Atlata were completely washed away by the same tidal wave, and that the loss of life in these

smaller places is very heavy. Relief for the sufferers at Atlata will be sent from Culiacan, and it is expected that the State Federal Government will take prompt action.

NINE KNOCKED OFF A CAR. Pipe Projecting From a Wagon Sweeps the

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 15.—Councilman William H. Garrett of 1943 North Thirteenth street, Philadelphia; Harvey Specht of Kentnor, Somerset county, Pa., and seven other persons were brushed off the footboard of a trolley car by a water pipe which extended from the rear of a delivery wagon

this afternoon. Garrett was painfully injured and is in the City Hospital. The others were slightly bruised and shaken up. The driver was locked up.

AGUINALDO COMING TO LECTURE. He Is Studying English to Prepare Himself for a Tour of This Country.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- Aguinaldo may come to the United States on a lecture our. Since his release by the American authorities he has been studying English to prepare himself for a visit to the United States. A letter was received at the War Department to-day from a well-known antiimperialist inquiring if Aguinaldo will be permitted to come to this country on a ecture tour. There probably will be no ob-

SNEEZING HERSELF TO DEATH.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Aug. 15 .- Mrs. Sarah Mackey, who lives in Porterfield, this county, is dying from sneezing. She sneezed 500 times in one hour. Previous to that she had made records all the way from fifty to 200 times an hour.

WOULD LICENSE VICE.

Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews Says We May Learn a Lesson From Paris.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews of the University of Nebraska in his lecture at the University of Chicago to-day said he believed that the city governments should regulate the social vice. He told the students that Paris had a system of regulation which had proved beneficial, and that this might be tried to advantage in some of the large cities of the United

He asserted that the evil was one which probably never would be entirely stamped out, and therefore means more effective than those now employed in this country should be found whereby less harm would come to those who would not keep pure and innocent.

"The State," declared Chancellor Andrews, "is under obligation to take measures to protect innocent women and children and future generations. I demur from the common opinion that in granting a license to a person engaged in a business or practice which is looked down upon or scorned by people generally the authorities are entering into collusion with the perare entering into collusion with the per-sons licensed. There are many times when a sons licensed. There are many times when a license is the best and most effective method of suppressing or regulating vice."

Non-Union Workmen Made Sheriff's Deputies Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 15.—Non-union men engaged in the construction of a new steel bridge for the Kansas City Southern Railroad at the city limits, were assaulted vesterday and forced to quit. To-morrow they will go to work again, each armed and wearing the star of a deputy sheriff. Sheriff Pontius having given them special

Every attribute of refined pleasure is realized on a Hudson River Day Line trip. Music. New anding, West 129th street, 6:15 A. M. - Ads.

TO FIGHT FOR FAIR MILLIONS.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MRS. FAIR'S RELATIVES THINK ALL SHOULD BE THEIRS.

Stories of the Accident From Paris Give No Positive Information as to Which Died First-This Important to Those Who Want to Share in the \$10,000. 000 Estate- Mrs. Fair Thrown Into a Tree, One Story Goes-Wills Found.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Paris, Aug. 15 .- The violent death of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair while they were riding in their automobile yesterday is the main topic of society here. The bodies have been embalmed and arrangements are being made to ship them to the United States for burial

An automobilist who arrived after the accident said the roads were in very bad condition. He had a narrow escape from an accident at the same spot where Mr. and Mrs. Fair were killed.

Mr. Fair and Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., his brother in-law, have enjoyed a reputation for reckless driving of their automobiles, and it has been regarded as only a matter of time when they would meet with serious trouble. The chauffeur who accompanied Mr. Vanderbilt on his return to Paris after the recent races at Ardennes expressed the hope that he would never have to ride with the young man again, as he gave no warning signals, but dashed along on either side of the carts, regardless of heaps of stones, in the most reckless fashion.

Mrs. Oelrichs, sister of Mr. Fair, has cabled full power to Mr. Ellis to act for the Fair family. He will make all the arrangements for shipping the bodies to

the United States. Mrs. Fair's maid has arrived here, having been brought in an automobile from Trouville. She stopped at the scene of the accident. She says that Mr. Fair's automobile is still standing upright on the spot where the accident occurred.

It appears that when the tire burst the wheel was embedded in the ground and acted as a pivot. The machine rose into the air and shot its occupants out. Then it fell back. Mr. Fair landed on his head, which was completely smashed. Mrs. Fair was flung into a tree, where she remained fixed for a moment. Then she fell to the ground, doubling up as she did so. Her face presented a ghastly appearance, owing to a terrific gash made in it by her binocle Her hat remained on her head.

Miss Edna May, the actress, has arrived at the Hotel Ritz. She passed the place where Mr. and Mrs. Fair were killed. She saw the machine standing there.

Mrs. Fair's maid has not been allowed to see the bodies, owing to their disfigure-

The chauffeur, who was injured, is reported to be better. He may come to Paris to-morrow. The bodies will probably also be brought to Paris pending the necessary formalities attendant upon their shipment to the United States. Mr. Fair had already booked passage home for himself and wife. Mr. Ellis says that Mr. Fair lost control

of the machine. The thre on the left rear wheel burst. The mud-guards on the right side were torn off and catching the occupants of the car, twirled them skyward. The chauffeur was thrown fifteen metres into a wheatfield. He only complains of a

in in the back. He is unable to say whether Mr. or Mrs. Fair was killed first. The American Embassy is fulfilling the

necessary formalities for transporting the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fair to the United States. They will probably leave Havre on Sunday. The newspapers in their comments on

the accident are sympathetic. Mr. Fair was considered imprudent, but he was a good sportsman. While he was in Paris he lunched every day at a restaurant in the Bois de Boulogne. He always had a few guests with him. Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt has not visited the scene of the accident. The accident was the most fearful one of the kind that has occurred in France

since such vehicles were invented. A prominent motorist says that such accidents are liable to occur when a tire breaks and the car is going at full speed. Doubts are cast on Mr. Fair's skill as a chauffeur, though some persons affirm that he was thoroughly experienced. When in June he first tried the machin

which was wrecked, for which he paid 60,000 francs, he had an accident in the Champs Elysees. He was in collision with another automobile, but no serious damage

Mr. Fair's dog is moaning at the Hote Ritz, where he was left by his master. The animal will be sent to New York. Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., who is at Trouville, has telegraphed to Mr. Ellis, asking

if there is anything he can do, and instruct-

ing Mr. Ellis to see that everything is at-

MRS. FAIR'S RELATIVES' PLANS. Her Mother Going to San Francisco to

Begin the Legal Fight for Millions. "The Fair litigation," an expression which became so familiar in the newspapers some rears ago when the children of Senator Fair of California were trying to break his will and get his millions, is very apt to be revived as the result of the death of Charles L. Fair and his wife, who were thrown out of their automobile and killed while on their

way from Trouville to Parls on Thursday. The value of Fair's estate is estimated at \$10,000,000. Already his dead wife's relatives are claiming the whole of it. In case of litigation there will arise that interesting question-who died first, Fair or his wife? Cabled accounts of the accident disagree as to whether both were dead when they were found, but no one has ventured to say whether wife or husband died first.

Unless there is proof to the contrary the law in this country presumes in such cases that the woman died first. In France the Civil Code makes a similar provision, but modified with reference to age. If the wife is more than a year younger than the husband it is presumed that she survived him. Fair and his wife were both 35 years

old. She was born on May 13, 1867. So far as the bulk of the Fair estate is concerned the French law is not applicable, because the property, mostly realty, is in California. But some French lawyers in this city seemed to think yesterday that the distribution of any personal property the Fairs had in France might be made

New York Central Special Labor Day Excur-sions.

Thousand Islands, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Mus-koka Lakes, Adirondacks, Montreal, Quebec, the Saguenay, and Bideau Lakes, at low rates. For circulars call on ticket agent, or write M.C. Boacu, G. E. P. A., 1216 Broadway, New York.—Asc.

Mari ves Chicago 8 55 A M. - Ade.